

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

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- 5 1. A method of orthogonal frequency-division multiplex (OFDM) communication via a plurality of subchannels within a noncontiguous wideband channel, said method comprising:
- 10 producing a modulation profile of said wideband channel, wherein said modulation profile is responsive to a signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) for each subchannel in said plurality of subchannels within said wideband channel; and
- transmitting OFDM data in response to said modulation profile.
- 15 2. An OFDM communication method as claimed in claim 1 wherein said producing activity comprises:
- establishing a least-SNR requirement;
- determining said SNR for each of said subchannels in said plurality of subchannels within said wideband channel; and
- 20 designating each of said subchannels having an SNR greater than said least-SNR requirement as a clear subchannel.
- 25 3. An OFDM communication method as claimed in claim 2 wherein said producing activity additionally comprises:
- establishing a least-quality-of-service requirement; and
- optimizing a throughput of each of said clear subchannels in which a quality-of-service is greater than said least-quality-of-service requirement.
- 30 4. An OFDM communication method as claimed in claim 2 wherein said producing activity additionally comprises:
- establishing a least-throughput requirement; and
- 35 optimizing a quality-of-service of each of said clear subchannels in which a throughput is greater than said least-throughput requirement.

5. An OFDM communication method as claimed in claim 2 wherein said producing activity comprises:

5        sorting said subchannels by said SNRs therein;  
      adjusting said least-SNR requirement;  
      determining said SNR for each of said subchannels in said  
plurality of subchannels within said wideband channel; and  
      designating each of said subchannels having an SNR  
greater than said adjusted least-SNR requirement as an  
10        impeded subchannel.

6. An OFDM communication method as claimed in claim 5 wherein said producing activity additionally comprises:

15        determining a noise level for each of said clear and  
      impeded subchannels; and  
      determining an OFDM data-signal level for each of said  
clear and impeded subchannels, wherein a subchannel energy  
level is substantially equal to said OFDM data-signal level  
for each of said clear subchannels, and said subchannel  
20        energy level is substantially equal to a sum of said OFDM  
data-signal level plus said noise level for each of said  
impeded subchannels.

7. An OFDM communication method as claimed in claim 1  
25        additionally comprising iterating said producing and  
transmitting activities to track changes in said SNR in each  
subchannel of said plurality of subchannels within said  
wideband channel.

30        8. An OFDM communication method as claimed in claim 1  
wherein said producing activity comprises:  
      scanning said wideband channel; and  
      determining said SNR for each of said subchannels in said  
plurality of subchannels within said wideband channel in  
35        response to said scanning activity.

9. An OFDM communication method as claimed in claim 8 wherein said determining activity comprises:

ascertaining usable ones of said subchannels in response to said SNR of each of said subchannels; and

5 estimating a bit error rate for each of said usable subchannels.

10. An OFDM communication method as claimed in claim 9 wherein said transmitting activity transmits said OFDM data  
10 signal in response to said bit error rate of each of said usable subchannels.

11. An OFDM communication method as claimed in claim 8 wherein said determining activity comprises:

15 ascertaining usable ones of said subchannels in response to said SNR of each of said subchannels; and

estimating a throughput for each of said usable subchannels.

20 12. An OFDM communication method as claimed in claim 1 wherein said transmitting activity transmits said OFDM data over at least one user channel.

25 13. An OFDM communication method as claimed in claim 12 wherein said user channel comprises at least one of said subchannels.

15. An OFDM communication method as claimed in claim 14 wherein:

30 said producing activity comprises determining a signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) for each of said subchannels in said plurality of subchannels within said wideband channel;

35 said producing activity additionally comprises designating each of said subchannels having said SNR greater than a least-SNR requirement as clear subchannel; and

16. An OFDM communication method as claimed in claim 15 wherein, said least-SNR requirement is a first least-SNR requirement, and wherein:

said producing activity additionally comprises designating each of said subchannels having said SNR less than said first least-SNR requirement and greater than said second least-SNR requirement as an impeded subchannel; and

17. An OFDM communication method as claimed in claim 16  
wherein:

25        said transmitting activity transmits said OFDM data so  
that each of said obstructed subchannels receives said OFDM  
data at said zero subchannel signal level.

determining a signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) for each of said subchannels in said plurality of subchannels within said wideband channel;

designating each of said subchannels having said SNR  
35 greater than a first least-SNR requirement as a clear  
subchannel;

designating each of said subchannels having said SNR less than said first least-SNR requirement and greater than a second least-SNR requirement as an impeded subchannel;

5 determining a noise level in response to said SNR for each of said clear and impeded subchannels; and

deducing an OFDM data-signal level for each of said clear and impeded subchannels, wherein a subchannel signal level is a sum of said OFDM data-signal level plus said noise level for each of said clear and impeded subchannels, and wherein  
10 said subchannel signal levels for each of said clear and impeded subchannels are substantially equal.

19. An OFDM communication method as claimed in claim 18 wherein said producing activity additionally comprises:

15 establishing a least-quality-of-service requirement for each of said clear and impeded subchannels; and

optimizing a throughput of each of said clear and impeded subchannels in which a quality-of-service is greater than said least-quality-of-service requirement.

20 20. An OFDM communication method as claimed in claim 18 wherein said producing activity additionally comprises:

establishing a least-throughput requirement for each of said clear and impeded subchannels; and

25 optimizing a quality-of-service of each of said clear and impeded subchannels in which a throughput is greater than said least-throughput requirement.

30 21. An OFDM communication method as claimed in claim 14 additionally comprising iterating said producing and transmitting activities.

35 22. An orthogonal frequency-division multiplex (OFDM) communication system utilizing a plurality of subchannels within a noncontiguous wideband channel, said system comprising:

an OFDM receiver configured to obtain a signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) for each subchannel in said plurality of subchannels within said wideband channel; and

an OFDM transmitter in communication with said OFDM receiver and configured to transmit OFDM data so that said OFDM receiver receives said OFDM data in each subchannel within said plurality of subchannels within said wideband channel at one of zero subchannel signal level, an intermediate subchannel signal level, and a maximum subchannel signal level in response to said SNR therein.

23. An OFDM communication system as claimed in claim 22 wherein said OFDM receiver comprises:

a scanning section configured to scan each of said subchannels in said plurality of subchannels within said wideband channel;

a detection section coupled to said scanning section and configured to obtain said SNR for each of said subchannels; and

an evaluation section coupled to said detection section and configured to designate as a clear subchannel each of said subchannels having a SNR greater than a least-SNR requirement.

24. An OFDM communication system as claimed in claim 23 wherein said OFDM transmitter is configured to transmit said OFDM data so that said OFDM receiver receives said OFDM data in each of said clear subchannels at said maximum subchannel signal level.

25. An OFDM communication system as claimed in claim 23 wherein:

said least-SNR requirement is a first least-SNR requirement;

said evaluation section is additionally configured to designate as an impeded subchannel each of said subchannels

having a SNR less than said first least-SNR threshold and greater than a second least-SNR requirement.

26. An OFDM communication system as claimed in claim 26 wherein said OFDM transmitter is configured to transmit said OFDM data so that said OFDM receiver receives said OFDM data in each of said impeded subchannels at said intermediate subchannel signal level.

27. An OFDM communication system as claimed in claim 26 wherein:

said intermediate subchannel signal level is one of a plurality of intermediate subchannel signal levels; and

said OFDM transmitter is configured to transmit said OFDM data so that said OFDM receiver receives said OFDM data in each of said impeded subchannels at one of said plurality of intermediate subchannel signal levels in response to said SNR thereof.

28. An OFDM communication system as claimed in claim 25 wherein said evaluation section is additionally configured to designate as an obstructed subchannel each of said subchannels not designated as one of said clear subchannels and said impeded subchannels.

29. An OFDM communication system as claimed in claim 28 wherein said OFDM transmitter is configured to transmit said OFDM data so that said OFDM receiver receives said OFDM data in each of said obstructed subchannels at said zero subchannel signal level.

30. A method of orthogonal frequency-division multiplex (OFDM) communication via a plurality of subchannels within a noncontiguous wideband channel, said method comprising:

designating as a clear subchannel each of said  
5 subchannels in which said SNR is greater than or equal to a  
first least-SNR requirement;

designating as an obstructed subchannel each of said subchannels not designated as one of said clear subchannels and said impeded subchannels; and

transmitting OFDM data so that each of said clear  
15 subchannels receives said OFDM data at a maximum subchannel  
signal level, each of said impeded subchannels receives said  
OFDM data at an intermediate subchannel signal level, and  
each of said obstructed subchannels receives said OFDM data  
at zero subchannel signal level.